

3 Basics

Vocabulary

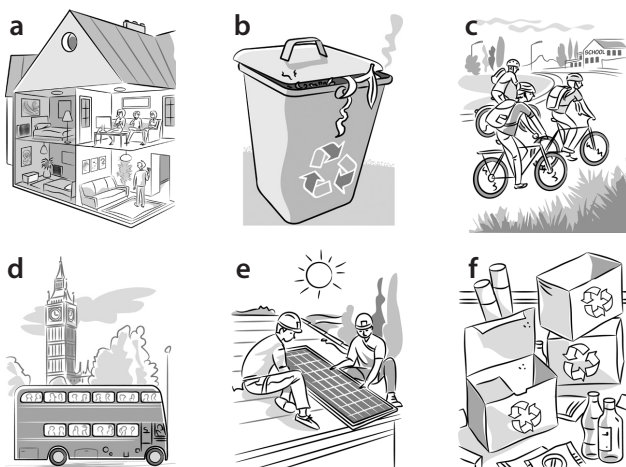
Saving environmental resources

compost food waste install solar panels insulate windows mend old clothes recycle packaging
 ride a bike save water share car journeys travel by public transport turn off lights
 use rechargeable batteries

1 Match 1–6 with a–f to make phrases.

- | | |
|------------|--------------------------|
| 1 install | a solar panels |
| 2 save | b old clothes |
| 3 insulate | c water |
| 4 use | d car journeys |
| 5 share | e rechargeable batteries |
| 6 mend | f windows |

2 Match the pictures with the phrases.



- | | |
|------------------------------|----------|
| 1 install solar panels | <u>e</u> |
| 2 ride a bike | ___ |
| 3 travel by public transport | ___ |
| 4 turn off lights | ___ |
| 5 recycle packaging | ___ |
| 6 compost food waste | ___ |

3 Read the text and circle the correct words.

Our family tries to save environmental resources. We don't have a car so I ride a bike / **save water** to school and when we go on holiday we ⁽¹⁾**save water** / **travel by public transport**. Our roof is very sunny so we have ⁽²⁾**installed solar panels** / **insulated the windows** and because we have a big garden we ⁽³⁾**compost all our food waste** / **recycle packaging**. When we're at home we all sit in the same room so we can ⁽⁴⁾**use rechargeable batteries** / **turn off the lights** in the other rooms.

4 Match the problems with the ways to save environmental resources in the box.

insulate windows mend old clothes
 recycle packaging save water
 share car journeys ~~turn off lights~~

We're all in the kitchen and there's a light on in the bedroom. turn off lights

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 1 Many people drive to work alone. | _____ |
| 2 Our windows are old and the heat escapes through them. | _____ |
| 3 My sister throws away her jeans when they're torn. | _____ |
| 4 In our house, we throw away a lot of plastic, paper and glass. | _____ |
| 5 My cousins have a bath every day. | _____ |

EXTRA!

What do you do to save environmental resources at home? And at school?

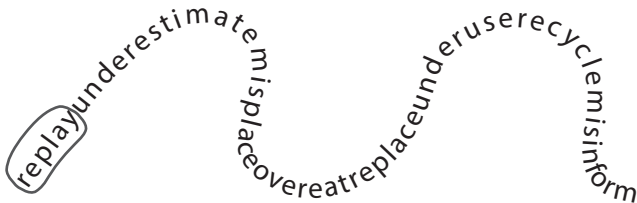
At home we recycle packaging. We don't throw away plastic, paper or glass.

3 Basics

Prefixes

misinform misplace misunderstand overcrowd overeat overpopulate recycle
reorganize replace replay undercook underestimate underpay underuse

1 Find eight verbs with prefixes in the word snake.



2 Complete the verbs with vowels.

m _ i _ s _ u _ n d _ e _ r s t _ a _ n d

1 _ _ n d _ _ r c _ _ _ k

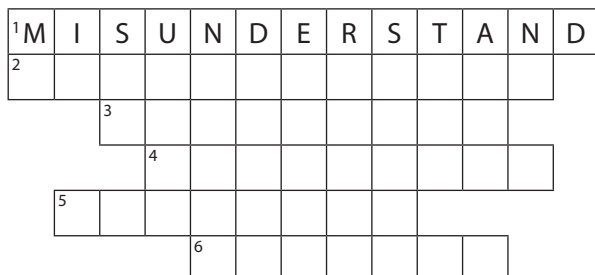
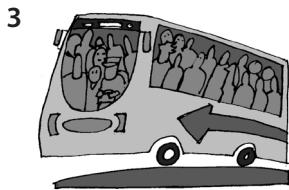
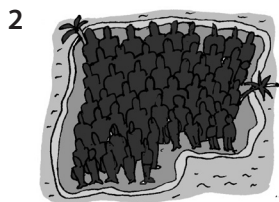
2 _ _ v _ _ r p _ _ p _ _ l _ _ t _ _

3 r _ _ c y c l _ _

4 _ _ n d _ _ r p _ _ y

5 _ _ v _ _ r c r _ _ w d

3 Look at the pictures and complete the crossword with the words in exercise 2.



4 Match the prefixes 1–4 with their meanings a–d.

- | | |
|---------|------------------------------------|
| 1 over | a do something to excess |
| 2 under | b do something again |
| 3 re | c do something incorrectly |
| 4 mis | d do something less than necessary |

5 Read the definitions and circle the correct words.

Use waste materials, eg paper and glass again

recycle / reorganize

1 Give someone the incorrect information

misunderstand / misinform

2 Not use something enough, eg sports facilities

underuse / overpopulate

3 Show a piece of sports action again,
eg a penalty kick

replay / replace

4 Put something in the wrong place and lose it

misplace / replace

5 Think that someone or something has less ability
or power than they really have

overcrowd / underestimate

EXTRA!

Answer the questions so that they are true for you.

1 How often do you overeat at Christmas?

2 Do you often misplace your mobile phone?
Where do you put it?

3 How often do you reorganize your bedroom?

4 Do you think people in your town underuse
the sports facilities?

Grammar

Present perfect

Affirmative

I've	used rechargeable batteries.
You've	
He's / She's / It's	
We've	
You've	
They've	

Negative

I haven't	mended old clothes.
You haven't	
He / She / It hasn't	
We haven't	
You haven't	
They haven't	

1 Complete the sentences with the present perfect form of the verbs in brackets.

My uncle has insulated (insulate) his windows.

- I _____ (play) rugby and cricket.
- We _____ (eat) pizza for dinner.
- My grandma _____ (not ride) a bike.
- You _____ (not talk) to my cousin.
- My friends _____ (recycle) the paper.
- I _____ (not turn off) the lights.

2 Order the words to make questions.

have / you / a mobile phone / How long / had ?
How long have you had a mobile phone?

- known / you / How long / have / Maria ?

- your teacher / How long / at your school / worked / has ?

- at your school / How long / you / been / have ?

- your family / lived / How long / has / here ?

- you / studied / English / How long / have ?

3 Complete the sentences with *for* or *since*.

My mum has shared car journeys
 _____ *since* _____ 2010.

- We have made a lot of new friends
 _____ last year.
- My little brother hasn't got into trouble
 _____ two weeks.
- I haven't read a comic _____ a year.
- My family has recycled packaging
 _____ I was 12.
- The public library has existed in our town
 _____ 1965.

4 Circle the correct words.

We moved / have moved house last year.

- My uncle **became** / **has become** rich three years ago.
- How long **did you play** / **have you played** the piano?
- We **didn't eat** / **haven't eaten** ice cream since last summer.
- When **did you change** / **have you changed** schools?
- I'm feeling bad because I **argued** / **have argued** with my friends again.

5 Complete the sentences with *just* and the present perfect.



It has just started (start) to rain.



- They _____ (have) their breakfast.



- I _____ (finish) this book.



- He _____ (win) the race.



- She _____ (see) a ghost.



- They _____ (break) a window.

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Time expressions with the present perfect

Present perfect + <i>still</i> / <i>yet</i> / <i>already</i>	
Affirmative	
We have	already finished that exercise.
Negative	
I haven't eaten my breakfast	yet .
He	still hasn't tidied his room.
Question	
Have they seen that film	yet ?

1 Rewrite the sentences with *already*.

I have recycled the packaging.

I have already recycled the packaging.

1 They have installed solar panels.

2 My dad has mended my bike.

3 We have talked about the party.

4 My grandma has misplaced her new glasses.

5 I have won three awards for swimming.

2 Complete the answers with the present perfect negative and *yet*.

Have you opened the door yet?

No, I haven't opened the door yet.

1 Has he made new friends yet?

No, he _____.

2 Have you listened to the audiobook yet?

No, I _____.

3 Have you sent a postcard yet?

No, we _____.

4 Has your little sister ridden a bike yet?

No, she _____.

5 Have your friends got into trouble yet?

No, they _____.

3 Circle the correct words.

We use **yet** / **already** in affirmative sentences.

1 We use **yet** and **still** / **already** and **still** in negative sentences.

2 We use **yet** / **still** in questions.

3 **Yet** / **Still** always goes at the end of the sentence.

4 **Still** / **Already** goes before the main verb.

5 **Still** / **Already** goes before the auxiliary verb.

4 Circle the correct words.

She hasn't finished the exam **yet** / **still**.

1 We **still** / **yet** haven't cooked the dinner.

2 I've **still** / **already** seen that film.

3 They haven't phoned **yet** / **already**.

4 Has he turned off the music **yet** / **already**?

5 You've **already** / **still** told me that twice.

5 Order the words to make questions. Then write the complete answer.

yet / he / his dinner / Has / eaten ?

Has he eaten his dinner yet?

Yes, he *has already eaten his dinner.*

1 they / yet / Have / the windows / insulated ?

Yes, they _____.

2 fed / we / Have / yet / the dog ?

No, we _____.

3 bought / Has / your dad / yet / new shoes ?

No, he _____.

4 yet / Have / you / tidied / your room ?

Yes, I _____.

EXTRA!

Write three sentences so that they are true for you. Use *still*, *yet* and *already*. Use your notebook.

I haven't ridden a motorbike yet.

3 Basics

Language reference

Present perfect

We use the present perfect to talk about actions that started in the past and that continue into the present.

- I have lived here since 2008.

We also use it to talk about actions in the past when we don't mention (or know) the exact time.

- She's closed the window.

We also use the present perfect to describe events in the past which have an effect on the current situation.

- We've eaten dinner so we're not hungry now.

We form the affirmative with *has / have* + past participle.

- I've won the race.
- He's listened to music.

We form the negative with *hasn't / haven't* + past participle.

- I haven't won the race.
- He hasn't listened to music.

We form questions with *Has / Have* + subject + past participle.

- Have you won the race?
- Has he listened to music?

Present perfect and past simple

We use the present perfect for situations where the time period is not finished. We use more general time expressions such as *recently, never, for six years, etc.*

- I have lived here for six years.

We use the past simple for completed actions in the past where the time period is finished. We use specific time expressions such as *yesterday, last week, two years ago, etc.*

- I lived in Madrid two years ago.

How long ...?, for, since

We use *How long ...?* + present perfect to ask a question about time.

- How long have you lived here?

To answer the question, we use *for* with durations of time and *since* with starting points in time.

- I've lived here for two years.
- I've lived here since 2010.

just, still, yet, already

We use *just* to talk about things we've done a short time ago.

- I've just arrived.

We use *still* to talk about a situation which started in the past and continues into the present.

- They still haven't turned off the lights.

We use *yet* to talk about things which haven't happened in the past but will happen in the future.

- He hasn't done his homework yet.

We use *already* to describe things which have been completed before the present.

- We've already recycled the glass.

Wordlist

Saving environmental resources	Prefixes
compost food waste	misinform
install solar panels	misplace
insulate windows	misunderstand
mend old clothes	overcrowd
recycle packaging	overeat
ride a bike	overpopulate
save water	recycle
share car journeys	reorganize
travel by public transport	replace
turn off lights	replay
use rechargeable batteries	undercook
	underestimate
	underpay
	underuse