

1 Basics

Vocabulary

Life-changing events

become rich change school drop out of university get into trouble go abroad
go for a job interview have an accident make new friends move house retire
settle down start your own business take a gap year win an award

1 Complete the life-changing events with vowels.

- s _ e _ t t l _ e _ d _ o _ w n
1 ch _ _ n g _ _ sch _ _ _ l
2 w _ _ n _ _ n _ _ w _ _ r d
3 g _ _ _ br _ _ _ d
4 h _ _ v _ _ _ n _ _ cc _ _ d _ _ n t
5 m _ _ v _ _ h _ _ _ s _ _

2 Match 1–8 with a–h to make life-changing events.

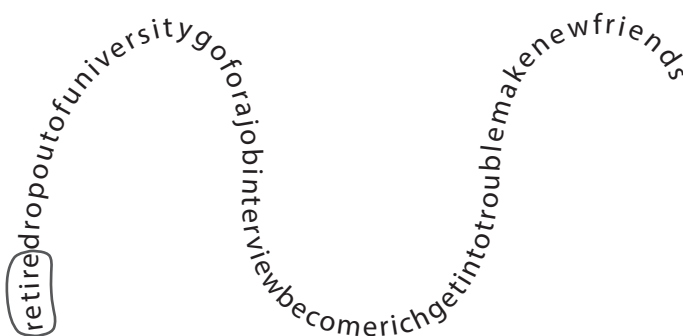
- | | |
|----------|---------------------|
| 1 become | a new friends |
| 2 start | b your own business |
| 3 take | c house |
| 4 change | d rich |
| 5 go | e school |
| 6 get | f a gap year |
| 7 move | g into trouble |
| 8 make | h abroad |

3 Match the pictures with the phrases in exercise 2.



- | | |
|----------------------|---------|
| a <u>become rich</u> | e _____ |
| b _____ | f _____ |
| c _____ | g _____ |
| d _____ | h _____ |

4 Find and circle six life-changing events in the word snake.



5 Complete the sentences with the phrases in the box.

become rich have an accident ~~make new friends~~
move house retire take a gap year

When I travel, I often make new friends
from other countries.

- In many countries, people _____ when they are 65.
- Are you going to _____ before you go to university?
- Our house is very small so we're going to _____.
- Don't drive so fast or you'll _____.
- When I'm older, I'd like to get a good job, earn a lot of money and _____.

1 Basics

Verb + preposition

agree about agree with argue about argue with depend on dream about
listen to look forward to participate in talk to wait for worry about

1 Complete the verbs with the prepositions in the box.

about (x2) for in on to (x2)

- talk _____ to _____
1 depend _____
2 wait _____
3 look forward _____
4 dream _____
5 worry _____
6 participate _____

2 Circle the correct words.

My grandma worries about / to the weather.

- 1 Please wait **about** / for me!
2 My friends talk **about** / to their parents when they're worried.
3 I often listen **to** / in music when I'm doing my homework.
4 Last night I dreamt **with** / **about** my English exam.
5 They often argue **in** / **about** stupid things.

3 Match the sentence beginnings and endings.

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 I'm looking forward | a on Harry to score a goal. |
| 2 She didn't wait | b to Alex's party. |
| 3 My friends participated | c with me. |
| 4 We can always depend | d to our friends online. |
| 5 My cousin didn't agree | e for her friend. |
| 6 We often talk | f in a race for charity. |

4 Circle the correct words to complete the text.



I'm ... the school holidays. My friends ⁽¹⁾... doing a surfing course but I ⁽²⁾... them. I ⁽³⁾... the sea. Last night I ⁽⁴⁾... sharks and big waves. I was very frightened. This morning I ⁽⁵⁾... my cousin and we agreed. We're going to do a tennis course! I can always ⁽⁶⁾... her.

a) looking forward to

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 a) are talking about | b) arguing with |
| 2 a) don't participate in | b) are listening to |
| 3 a) argue with | b) don't agree with |
| 4 a) dreamt about | b) worry about |
| 5 a) talked to | b) depended on |
| 6 a) look forward to | b) argued with |
| | b) depend on |

EXTRA!

Complete the sentences so that they are true for you.

- I often agree with my best friend.
1 I'm looking forward to _____.
2 I often listen to _____.
3 My friends and I never talk about _____.

1 Basics

Grammar

Present simple

Affirmative	Negative
I / You / We / They play He / She / It plays	I / You / We / They don't play He / She / It doesn't play
Questions	
Do I / you / we / they play? Does he / she / it play?	
Short answers	
Yes, I / you / we / they do. Yes, he / she / it does.	No, I / you / we / they don't. No, he / she / it doesn't.

1 Circle the correct words.

- My friends wait / waits at the bus stop.
- My brother often **run** / **runs** marathons.
 - How often **do** / **does** you move house?
 - My friend never **agree** / **agrees** with me.
 - Our teacher **don't** / **doesn't** live here.
 - Which university **do** / **does** she go to?
 - I **don't** / **doesn't** go abroad on holiday.

Past simple

Affirmative	Negative
I / You / He / She / We / They worked	I / You / He / She / We / They didn't work
Questions	
Did I / you / he / she / it / we / they work?	
Short answers	
Yes, I / you / he / she / it / we / they did.	No, I / you / he / she / it / we / they didn't.

2 Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

- I went (go) to the cinema yesterday.
- My grandpa _____ (retire) last year.
 - We _____ (not watch) TV last night.
 - My teacher _____ (not be) at school yesterday.
 - My sister _____ (argue) with her boyfriend.
 - My parents _____ (be) at home at 8 pm.
 - My dad _____ (not start) his own business until two years ago.

3 Order the words to make questions.

have / an accident / yesterday / Did / you ?

Did you have an accident yesterday?

1 about / last night / you / What / dream / did ?

2 he / drop / did / When / out of university ?

3 were / at 7 o'clock / you / Where ?

4 your uncle / rich / did / How / become ?

5 take / your sister / Did / a gap year ?

used to

Affirmative	Negative
I / You / He / She / It / We / They used to live there.	I / You / He / She / It / We / They didn't use to live there.
Questions	
Did I / you / he / she / it / we / they use to live there?	
Short answers	
Yes, I / you / he / she / it / we / they did.	No, I / you / he / she / it / we / they didn't.

4 Write complete sentences with *used to* or *didn't use to*.

I / make new friends / on holiday.

I used to make new friends on holiday.

We / not go abroad / every summer.

We didn't use to go abroad every summer.

1 I / argue / with my sister.

2 I / not get / into trouble at school.

3 My cousin / dream / about elephants.

4 We / not worry / about our exams.

5 My grandparents / listen / to the radio every day.

1 Basics

Subject and object questions

Look!



Max loves Lucy ...

↑ ↑
subject object



... but Lucy loves Nick.

↑ ↑
subject object

When the question word (*who, what ...*) asks about the object, we use *do, does, did*, etc.

Who does Max love? (Lucy)

↑ ↑ ↑
object subject object

Who does Lucy love? (Nick)

↑ ↑ ↑
object subject object

When the question word (*who, what ...*) asks about the subject, we don't use *do, does, did*, etc.

Who loves Lucy? (Max)

↑ ↑ ↑
subject object subject

Who loves Nick? (Lucy)

↑ ↑ ↑
subject object subject

- 1 Write S (subject) or O (object) about the underlined words.**

- Lucy doesn't love Max. S
- 1 Lucy doesn't love Max. _____
- 2 Jack worried about his exam. _____
- 3 Jack worried about his exam. _____
- 4 My dad won an award. _____
- 5 My dad won an award. _____
- 6 I often talk to my neighbour. _____
- 7 I often talk to my neighbour. _____

- 2 Write S (subject) or O (object) about the underlined question words.**

- Who does Lucy love? O
- 1 Who loves Nick? _____
- 2 What happened at school? _____
- 3 Who did you argue with? _____
- 4 What did you argue about? _____
- 5 Who made new friends? _____
- 6 What worries you? _____

- 3 Order the words to make questions. Then write S if the question word is a subject or O if it is an object.**

became / rich / Who / last year ?

Who became rich last year? S

- 1 her own business / started / in 2007 / Who ? _____

- 2 do / in maths / you / did / yesterday / What ? _____

- 3 every morning / waits for / you / Who ? _____

- 4 talk about / What / do / at school / you ? _____

- 5 changed / Who / school / last year ? _____

- 4 Circle the correct words.**

Who went / did go abroad last summer?

- 1 What did you dream about / dreamt you about last night?
- 2 Who do you talk to / talk you to when you have a problem?
- 3 What did happen / happened after school yesterday?
- 4 What do you worry about / worry you about?
- 5 Who do argue / argues with you?

EXTRA!

Write answers to the questions in exercise 4 so that they are true for you. Use your notebook.

Who went abroad last summer?

My best friend went abroad last summer.

1 Basics

Language reference

Present simple

We use the present simple for routines and habits.

- I get up at 7 am every morning.

We can use the present simple with adverbs of frequency.

- We often have salad for lunch.

We form the present simple with the base form of the verb (eg *play, work*). We add *-s* or *-es* to the verb with *he, she* or *it*.

- They play football after school.
- My dad works in the town centre.

Present continuous

We use the present continuous to describe what is happening at the moment.

- We're eating dinner now.

We form the present continuous with subject + *be* + verb + *-ing*.

- They're reading a book at the moment.

We form the negative with *not*.

- You aren't listening to me.

We form questions with *be* + subject + verb + *-ing*. In short answers we use *be*, not *-ing*.

- Is he sleeping right now?
Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.

Affirmative	Negative
I'm eating	I'm not eating
You're eating	You aren't eating
He's / She's / It's eating	He / She / It isn't eating
We're / You're / They're eating	We / You / They aren't eating
Questions	
Am I eating? Are you eating?	
Is he / she / it eating? Are we / you / they eating?	
Short answers	
Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.
Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
Yes, he / she / it is.	No, he / she / it isn't.
Yes, we / you / they are.	No, we / you / they aren't.

Past simple

We use the past simple to talk about events in the past.

- She watched TV last night.

We use the auxiliary verb *do* to make the negative and question forms.

- We didn't win an award.
- Did you eat pasta last night?

used to

We use *used to* + verb to talk about past habits and states. We use it to talk about things that people did regularly in the past but they don't do now.

- I used to play tennis but now I play basketball.
- He used to go to St John's School but now he goes to Trumouth School.

Subject and object questions

If the question word is the subject of the question, we don't use an auxiliary verb (*do, does, did, etc*).

- Who telephoned you? Marta telephoned me.

If the question word is the object of the question, we must use an auxiliary verb (*do, does, did, etc*).

- What did you buy yesterday?
I bought a new jacket.

Wordlist

Life-changing events	Verb + preposition
become rich	agree about
change school	agree with
drop out of university	argue about
get into trouble	argue with
go abroad	depend on
go for a job interview	dream about
have an accident	listen to
make new friends	look forward to
move house	participate in
retire	talk to
settle down	wait for
start your own business	worry about
take a gap year	
win an award	